

First Quarter 2024
Earnings Conference Call
April 26, 2024

## Forward Looking Statements & Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We and our representatives may, from time to time, make written or oral statements that are "forward-looking" and provide information other than historical information. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from any results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement. These factors include, among other things, the factors listed below. Forward-looking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of our management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "should," "could," "would," "plans," "goals," "intend," "project," "estimate," "forecast," "may" or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Additionally, we undertake no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events, except as required under federal securities law.

Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors that could have an impact on our ability to achieve operating results, growth plan goals and future prospects include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) the risks of mergers or branch sales (including the sale of our Florida branches and the recent acquisition of DNVB), including, without limitation, the related time and costs of implementing such transactions, integrating operations as part of these transactions and possible failures to achieve expected gains, revenue growth and/or expense savings from such transactions; (2) credit quality deterioration, pronounced and sustained reduction in real estate market values, or other uncertainties, including the impact of inflationary pressures on economic conditions and our business, resulting in an increase in the allowance for credit losses, an increase in the credit loss expense, and a reduction in net earnings; (3) the effects of significant increases in inflation and interest rates since 2020, including on our net income and the value of our securities portfolio; (4) changes in the economic environment, competition, or other factors that may affect our ability to acquire loans or influence the anticipated growth rate of loans and deposits and the guality of the loan portfolio and loan and deposit pricing: (5) fluctuations in the value of our investment securities; (6) governmental monetary and fiscal policies; (7) changes in and uncertainty related to benchmark interest rates used to price loans and deposits; (8) legislative and regulatory changes, including changes in banking, securities, trade, and tax laws and regulations and their application by our regulators, including the 1.0% excise tax on stock buybacks by publicly traded companies and any changes in response to the recent failures of other banks; (9) the ability to attract and retain key executives and employees experienced in banking and financial services; (10) the sufficiency of the allowance for credit losses to absorb the amount of actual losses inherent in our existing loan portfolio; (11) our ability to adapt successfully to technological changes to compete effectively in the marketplace; (12) credit risks and risks from concentrations (by geographic area and by industry) within our loan portfolio; (13) the effects of competition from other commercial banks, thrifts, mortgage banking firms, consumer finance companies, credit unions, securities brokerage firms, insurance companies, money market and other mutual funds, financial technology companies, and other financial institutions operating in our markets or elsewhere or providing similar services; (14) the failure of assumptions underlying the establishment of allowances for credit losses and estimation of values of collateral and various financial assets and liabilities; (15) volatility of rate-sensitive deposits; (16) operational risks, including data processing system failures or fraud: (17) asset/liability matching risks and liquidity risks; (18) the costs, effects and outcomes of existing or future litigation; (19) changes in general economic, political, or industry conditions, nationally, internationally or in the communities in which we conduct business, including the risk of a recession; (20) changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by state and federal regulatory agencies and the Financial Accounting Standards Board; (21) war or terrorist activities, including the ongoing Israeli-Palestinian conflict and the Russian invasion of Ukraine, widespread disease or pandemic, or other adverse external events, which may cause deterioration in the economy or cause instability in credit markets; (22) the occurrence of fraudulent activity, breaches, or failures of our or our third-party vendors' information security controls or cyber-security related incidents, including as a result of sophisticated attacks using artificial intelligence and similar tools; (23) the imposition of tariffs or other domestic or international governmental policies impacting the value of the agricultural or other products of our borrowers; (24) potential changes in federal policy and at regulatory agencies as a result of the upcoming 2024 presidential election; (25) the concentration of large deposits from certain clients who have balances above current FDIC insurance limits; (26) the effects of recent developments and events in the financial services industry, including the large-scale deposit withdrawals over a short period of time that resulted in recent bank failures; and (27) other risk factors detailed from time to time in Securities and Exchange Commission filings made by the Company.

#### Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation contains non-GAAP measures for tangible common equity, tangible book value per share, tangible common equity ratio, loan yield, tax equivalent, efficiency ratio, pre-tax, pre-provision earnings, return on average tangible equity, and net interest margin, tax equivalent. Management believes these measures provide investors with useful information regarding the Company's profitability, financial condition and capital adequacy, consistent with how management evaluates the Company's financial performance. A reconciliation of each non-GAAP measure to the most comparable GAAP measure is included, as necessary, in the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section.



# Financial Highlights

	1Q24 Financial	Hiç	ghlights					
			Change vs.					
Dollars in millions			1Q24	4Q23	1Q2	3		
Balance	Total assets	\$	6,748.0	4.99	% 5	.27	%	
Sheet	Total loans held for investment, net		4,414.6	6.97	12	.64		
Officet	Total deposits		5,585.2	3.51	0	.54		
	Equity to assets ratio		7.83 %	(33)	bps	2	bps	
0 - 11 - 1 - 11 - 11	Tangible common equity ratio (non-GAAP)		6.43	(47)	•	(5)		
Capital and Liquidity	CET1 risk based conital ratio		8.98	(61)		41)		
Liquidity	Total risk-based capital ratio		11.97	(56)	(	34)		
	Loans to deposits ratio		79.04 %	255		349		
		_				10)		
	Net interest margin, tax equivalent (non-GAAP)		2.33 %	11	bps (	42)	bps	
D., 64 - 1. 114 -	Cost of total deposits	_	2.03	5		91		
Profitability	Return on average assets		0.20	3		11		
	Return on average tangible equity (non-GAAP)		4.18	61		148		
	Efficiency ratio (non-GAAP)		71.28	112		396		
	Nonperforming loans ratio		0.66 %	2	bps	29	bps	
Credit Risk	Nonperforming assets ratio		0.49	2		26		
Profile	Net charge-off ratio		0.02	(18)		(1)		
	Allowance for credit losses ratio		1.27	2		0		



See the section "Non-GAAP Financial measures."

Note: Financial metrics as of or for the quarter ended March 31, 2024.

### Denver Bankshares, Inc. Acquisition

#### **Merger Update**

- On January 31, 2024, MidWestOne Financial Group, Inc. ("MOFG," or "MidWestOne")
  acquired Denver Bankshares, Inc. ("DNVB"), a bank holding company for the Bank of
  Denver.
- As consideration for the merger, we paid cash in the amount of \$32.6 million.
- During the first quarter of 2024, the core banking system conversion was completed. In addition, we closed and consolidated the operations of a MidWestOne banking office located in Denver, Colorado into the former Bank of Denver banking office.

#### **Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed**

In thousands	January 31, 2024
Identifiable net assets acquired, at fair value	
Assets acquired:	
Cash and due from banks	\$ 462
Interest earning deposits in banks	3,517
Debt securities	52,493
Loans held for investment	207,095
Premises and equipment	13,470
Core deposit intangible	7,100
Other assets	4,987
Total assets acquired	\$ 289,124
Liabilities assumed:	
Deposits	(224,248)
Short-term borrowings	(37,500)
Other liabilities	 (3,417)
Total liabilities assumed	\$ (265,165)
Identifiable net assets acquired, at fair value	\$ 23,959

Denver Demographics and MOFG Market Share*					
Deposit Market Share Rank	19				
Banking Offices	2				
Deposit Market Share	0.62%				
Median HHI	\$96,990				
2023 - 2028 Projected HHI Change	15.91%				
2023 - 2028 Projected Pop. Growth	4.65%				
February 2024 Unemployment Rate	4.2%				

MOFG Core Markets (After Acquisition)**							
State	Banking Offices	Total Gross Loans in Market	Total Deposits in Market				
Iowa Community	22	\$ 846.4	\$ 1,753.3				
Iowa Metro	17	1,495.1	1,832.8				
Twin Cities	15	1,256.0	1,220.8				
Denver	2	673.4	428.6				



Source: S&P Capital IQ (Deposit Market Share (June 2023), Median HHI, 2023 - 2028 Projected HHI, and 2023-2028 Projected Population Growth) Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (February 2024 Unemployment Rate).

<sup>\*</sup>Deposit market share data per FDIC as of June 30, 2023.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Banking office information is as of 3/31/24. Dollars are reported in millions. Note: Core market information excludes Florida banking offices, gross loans, and deposits, in addition to brokered time deposits of \$205.0 million.

# MOFG's Five Strategic Pillars to Deliver Improved Results

Exceptional Customer and Employee Engagement

Strong Core Local Banking Model

Sophisticated Commercial Banking and Wealth Management

Specialty Business Lines

Improving our Efficiency and Operations

- Enhance MOFG's award winning culture with a continued focus on performance and financial results
- Protect and enhance MOFG's dominant community bank franchise through product expansion
- Continue to hire exceptional relationship bankers and wealth management professionals
- Develop specialty commercial banking verticals by continuing to attract experienced professionals
- Continue to identify and execute on opportunities for efficiency gains and cost reduction



# Strategic Plan Updates



Completed the acquisition of DNVB on January 31, 2024, the conversion of core banking system, and the consolidation of the legacy MidWestOne Denver banking office into a former Bank of Denver banking office.



Continued momentum in Wealth Management, with linked quarter revenue growth of 10%, and recruited seasoned, new EVP, Head of Wealth Management.



Loan growth (excluding acquired DNVB loan balances) of 8%.



The sale of MOFG's Florida operations is on-track for an expected closed in 2Q 2024.



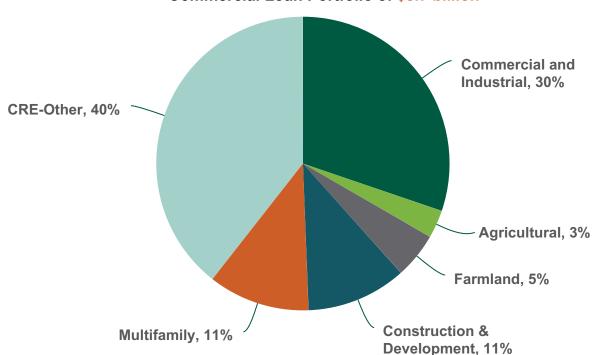
Senior level hires in Credit Administration, Commercial Banking, Wealth Management and Marketing.



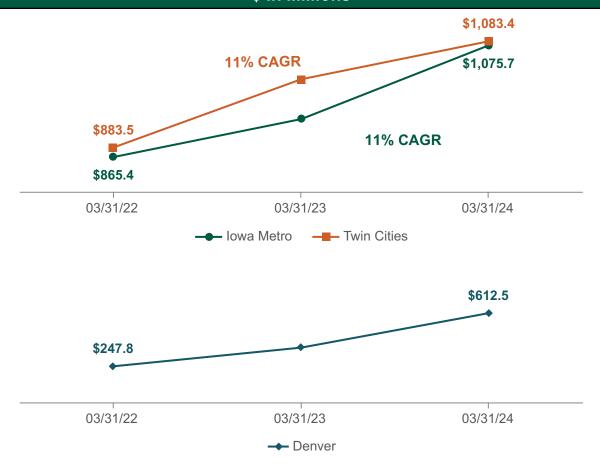
#### Commercial Loan Portfolio

#### Commercial Loan Portfolio Mix - March 31, 2024



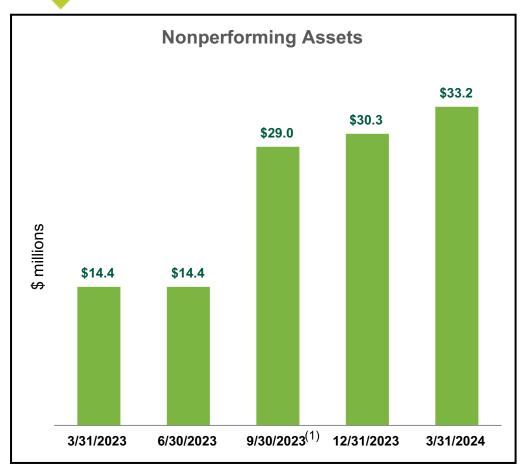


# Commercial Loan Growth in Targeted Regions \$ in Millions



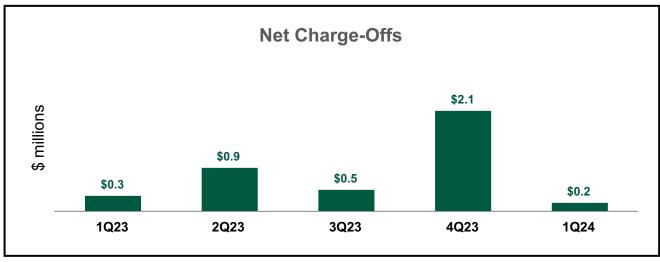


### Credit



# Credit Quality Measures

\$ millions	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24
Nonperforming assets ratio	0.23 %	0.22 %	0.45 %	0.47 %	0.49 %
Net charge-off ratio	0.03 %	0.09 %	0.04 %	0.20 %	0.02 %
Loans greater than 30 days past due and accruing	\$4.9	\$6.2	\$6.4	\$10.8	\$8.8
Allowance for credit losses ratio	1.27 %	1.25 %	1.27 %	1.25 %	1.27 %

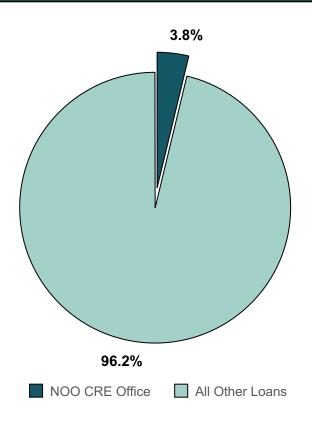




<sup>(1)</sup> Nonperforming assets in the third quarter of 2023 increased primarily due to a single commercial relationship.

### Commercial Real Estate

#### **Non-Owner Occupied CRE Office** March 31, 2024



Average NOO CRE Office outstanding principal		\$	1.3
Commercial Real Estate Concentration:	% of Total Capital		egulatory hreshold
Construction, land development and other land	60%		100%
Total CRE loans <sup>(1)</sup>	251%		300%
Commercial Real Estate Por March 31, 2024	tfolio <sup>(2)</sup>		
\$ millions			1Q24
Construction & Development	\$	,	403.6
Farmland			184.1
Multifamily			409.5
CRE Other:			
NOO CRE Office			166.1
OO CRE Office			91.3
Industrial and Warehouse			429.1
Retail			285.0
Hotel			126.2
Other			342.9
Total Commercial Real Estate	_		2,437.8

**Portfolio Highlights** 

March 31, 2024



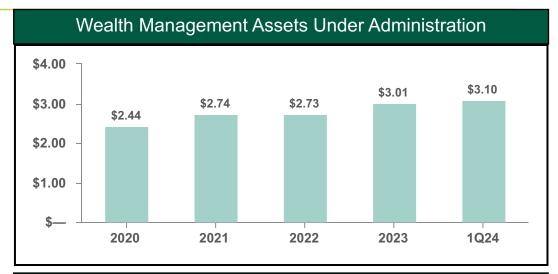
\$ millions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Total CRE loans includes construction, land development and other land, in addition to multifamily and NOO CRE.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the amortized cost of the CRE portfolio.

# Focusing on Growth in Wealth Management

- Hired a new Head of Wealth Management, with deep expertise in investment strategies and relationship management
- Built momentum in the Twin Cities with a talented Wealth Management team focused on leveraging strong relationships with our Retail and Commercial colleagues
- Strengthened Wealth Management capabilities with the addition of an experienced team in Eastern lowa that collectively has more than 120 years of experience
- Expanded our presence to a new office in Cedar Rapids, lowa, a targeted metropolitan market
- Invested in financial technology that will improve the customer experience and streamline internal processes







- · Asset amounts presented are in billions of dollars
- Revenue amounts presented are in millions of dollars

### **Financial Performance**



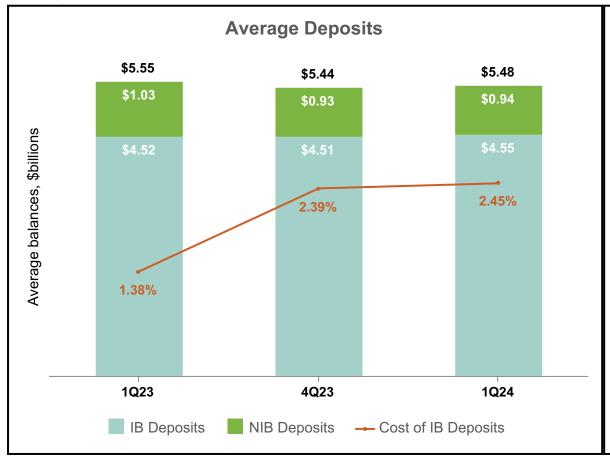
# **Balance Sheet**

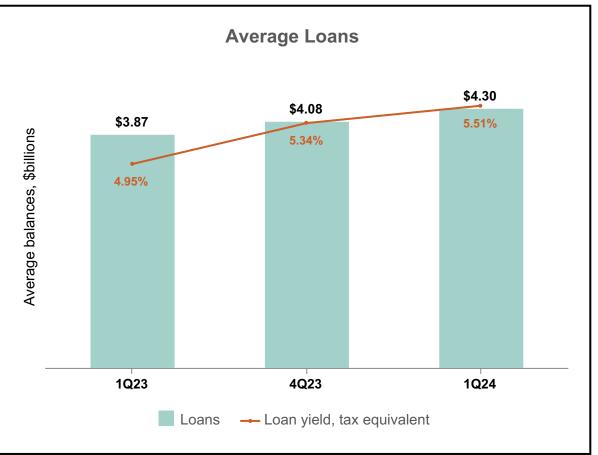
		1Q24 vs	s. 4Q23	1Q24 vs	. 1Q23	
Period end balances, \$ millions	1Q24	\$ Change	% Change	\$ Change	% Change	
Loans	\$4,414.6	\$287.7	7 %	\$495.2	13 %	
Investment securities	\$1,862.2	\$(8.1)	— %	\$(209.6)	(10)%	
Interest earning deposits in banks	\$29.3	\$23.8	433 %	\$24.0	453 %	
Deposits	\$5,585.2	\$189.5	4 %	\$30.0	1 %	
Borrowed funds	\$545.1	\$121.5	29 %	\$263.1	93 %	
Shareholders' equity	\$528.0	\$3.6	1 %	\$27.3	5 %	
			1Q24		1Q24	
Period end	1Q24	4Q23	vs. 4Q23	1Q23	vs. 1Q23	
Tangible book value per share (non-GAAP)	\$27.14	\$27.90	(3)%	\$26.13	4 %	
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	9.0 %	9.6 %	(60) bps	9.4 %	(40) bps	
AOCI	\$(60.8)	\$(64.9)	6 %	\$(78.9)	23 %	
Return on average tangible equity (non-GAAP)	4.18 %	3.57 %	61 bps	2.70 %	148 bps	



See the section "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

# **Balance Sheet- Average Loans and Deposits**



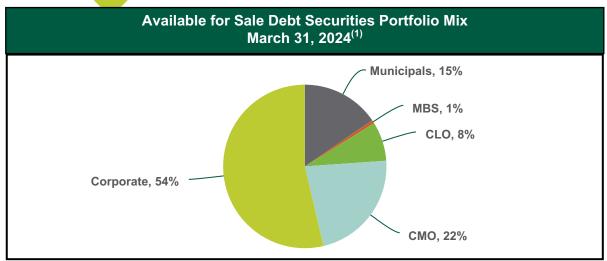




IB Deposits represent interest bearing deposits and NIB Deposits represent noninterest bearing deposits.

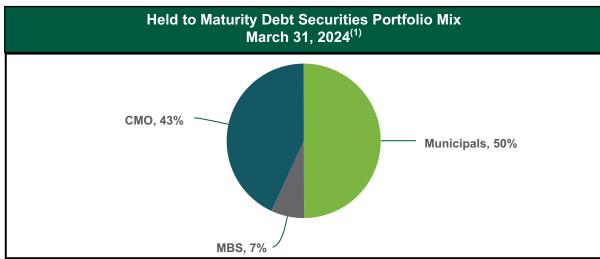
Loan yield, tax equivalent is a non-GAAP measure. See the Section "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

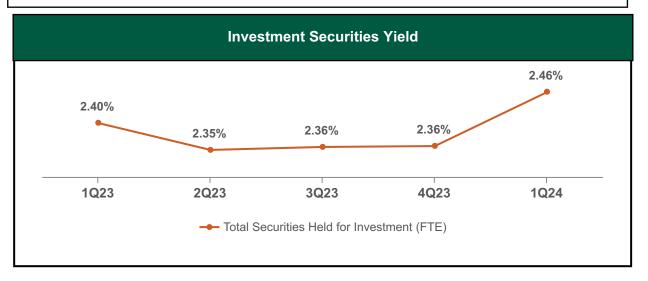
#### Balance Sheet - Debt Securities Portfolio





- Investment Portfolio Mix:
  - AFS Securities \$0.8 billion
  - HTM Securities \$1.1 billion
- Investment Portfolio Duration (Years):
  - AFS Securities 2.8
  - HTM Securities 6.2
  - Total Securities 4.8
- Allowance for credit losses for investments is \$0







# **Income Statement**

				% Change 10	Q24 vs.	
\$ millions	1Q24	4Q23	1Q23	4Q23	1Q23	
Net interest income	\$34.7	\$32.6	\$40.1	6 %	(13)%	
Noninterest income	9.8	3.9	(4.0)	151 %	n/m	
Total revenue	44.5	36.5	36.1	22 %	23 %	
Noninterest expense	35.6	32.1	33.3	11 %	7 %	
Pre-tax, pre-provision earnings (non-GAAP)	\$8.9	\$4.4	\$2.8	102 %	218 %	
Credit loss expense	\$4.7	\$1.8	\$0.9	161 %	422 %	
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$1.0	\$(0.2)	\$0.4	n/m	150 %	
Net income	\$3.3	\$2.7	\$1.4	22 %	136 %	

				1Q24	1Q24
	1Q24	4Q23	1Q23	vs. 4Q23	vs. 1Q23
Net interest margin (non-GAAP)	2.33 %	2.22 %	2.75 %	11 bps	(42) bps
Efficiency ratio (non-GAAP)	71.28 %	70.16 %	62.32 %	(112) bps	(896) bps
Diluted EPS	\$0.21	\$0.17	\$0.09	24 %	133 %

Results are not meaningful (n/m)





Tangible Common Equity / Tangible	Book Value per	Share / Tangible C	ommon	Equity Ratio	
	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
	dollars in thousan	ds			
Total shareholders' equity	\$	500,650	\$	524,378	\$ 528,040
Intangible assets, net		(91,040)		(86,546)	(100,649)
Tangible common equity	\$	409,610	\$	437,832	\$ 427,391
Total assets	\$	6,409,952	\$	6,427,540	\$ 6,748,015
Intangible assets, net		(91,040)		(86,546)	(100,649)
Tangible assets	\$	6,318,912	\$	6,340,994	\$ 6,647,366
Book value per share	\$	31.94	\$	33.41	\$ 33.53
Tangible book value per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	26.13	\$	27.90	\$ 27.14
Shares outstanding		15,675,325		15,694,306	15,750,471
Tangible common equity ratio (2)		6.48 %		6.90 %	6.43 %
(1) Tangible common equity divided by shares outstanding.					
(2) Tangible common equity divided by tangible assets.					

		For the Three Months Ended								
	Ma	March 31, 2023 Decem			M	arch 31, 2024				
	dol	lars in thousands		_						
Loan interest income, including fees	\$	46,490	\$	54,093	\$	57,947				
Tax equivalent adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>		716		846		920				
Tax equivalent loan interest income	\$	47,206	\$	54,939	\$	58,867				
Yield on loans, tax equivalent (2)		4.95 %		5.34 %		5.51 %				
Average Loans	\$	3,867,110	\$	4,080,243	\$	4,298,216				



Efficiency Ratio									
	For the Three Months Ended								
	N	March 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Ma	arch 31, 2024			
	dollars in the	ousands							
Total noninterest expense	\$	33,319	\$	32,131	\$	35,565			
Amortization of intangibles		(1,752)		(1,441)		(1,637)			
Merger-related expenses		(136)		(245)		(1,314)			
Noninterest expense used for efficiency ratio	\$	31,431	\$	30,445	\$	32,614			
Net interest income, tax equivalent (1)	\$	41,314	\$	33,833	\$	36,038			
Noninterest income		(4,046)		3,862		9,750			
Investment securities (losses) gains, net		(13,170)		(5,696)		36			
Net revenues used for efficiency ratio	\$	50,438	\$	43,391	\$	45,752			
Efficiency ratio		62.32 %		70.16 %		71.28 %			
(1) The federal statutory tax rate utilized was 21%									

<sup>(1)</sup> The federal statutory tax rate utilized was 21%.

<sup>(2)</sup> Noninterest expense adjusted for amortization of intangibles and merger-related expenses divided by the sum of tax equivalent net interest income, noninterest income and net investment securities (losses) gains.

Pre-tax / Pre-provision Net Revenue								
		For the Three Months Ended						
		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2024		
	dollars in	dollars in thousands						
Net interest income	\$	40,076	\$	32,559	\$	34,731		
Noninterest income		(4,046)		3,862		9,750		
Noninterest expense		(33,319)		(32,131)		(35,565)		
Pre-tax / Pre-provision Net Revenue	\$	2,711	\$	4,290	\$	8,916		



Return on Ave	rage Ta	ngible Equity					
	For the Three Months Ended						
	Ma	arch 31, 2023	December 31, 2023		March 31, 2024		
dollars	in thous	sands					
Net income	\$	1,397	\$	2,730	\$	3,269	
Intangible amortization, net of tax (1)		1,314		1,081		1,228	
Tangible net income	\$	2,711	\$	3,811	\$	4,497	
Average shareholders' equity	\$	498,547	\$	511,236	\$	527,533	
Average intangible assets, net		(92,002)		(87,258)		(95,296)	
Average tangible equity	\$	406,545	\$	423,978	\$	432,237	
Return on average equity		1.14 %		2.12 %		2.49 %	
Return on average tangible equity (2)		2.70 %		3.57 %		4.18 %	
<ul><li>(1) The combined income tax rate utilized was 25%.</li><li>(2) Annualized tangible net income divided by average tangible equity.</li></ul>							

Net Interest Margin, Tax Equivalent									
		For the Three Months Ended							
	N	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2024			
	do	ollars in thousands	_	_					
Net interest Income	\$	40,076	\$	32,559	\$	34,731			
Tax equivalent adjustments:									
Loans (1)		716		846		920			
Securities (1)		522		428		387			
Net Interest Income, tax equivalent	\$	41,314	\$	33,833	\$	36,038			
Average interest earning assets	\$	6,100,456	\$	6,035,122	\$	6,215,160			
Net interest margin, tax equivalent (2)	-	2.75 %		2.22 %		2.33 %			
(1) The federal statutory tax rate utilized was 21°		o interest carning con	oto						

